## GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA SESSION 2017

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## SENATE BILL 299 Judiciary Committee Substitute Adopted 4/4/17

## House Committee Substitute Favorable 6/27/17 Fourth Edition Engrossed 6/14/18

Sponsors:

Referred to:

March 16, 2017

1 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 2 AN ACT TO EXPAND THE USE OF CONTINUOUS ALCOHOL MONITORING SYSTEMS 3 IN PUNISHMENTS IMPOSED FOR CERTAIN IMPAIRED DRIVING CONVICTIONS. 4 The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts: 5 SECTION 1. G.S. 20-179 reads as rewritten: 6 "§ 20-179. Sentencing hearing after conviction for impaired driving; determination of 7 grossly aggravating and aggravating and mitigating factors; punishments. 8 . . . 9 Level One Punishment. – A defendant subject to Level One punishment may be fined (g) 10 up to four thousand dollars (\$4,000) and shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment that includes a minimum term of not less than 30 days and a maximum term of not more than 24 11 12 months. The term of imprisonment may be suspended only if a condition of special probation is imposed to require the defendant to serve a term of imprisonment of at least 30 days. A judge 13 may reduce the minimum term of imprisonment required to a term of not less than 10 days if a 14 15 condition of special probation is imposed to require that a defendant abstain from alcohol 16 consumption and be monitored by a continuous alcohol monitoring system, of a type approved by the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety, for a period of not less 17 18 than 120 days. If a judge orders the term of imprisonment ordered as a condition of special 19 probation to be served as an inpatient pursuant to subsection (k1) of this section, the judge shall impose an additional condition of special probation to require that the defendant abstain from 20 alcohol consumption and be monitored by a continuous alcohol monitoring system, of a type 21 22 approved by the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety, for a period of 23 not less than 60 days. If the defendant is monitored on an approved continuous alcohol 24 monitoring system during the pretrial period, up to 60-120 days of pretrial monitoring may be credited against the 120-day any monitoring requirement for probation. If the defendant is placed 25 on probation, the judge shall impose a requirement that the defendant obtain a substance abuse 26 27 assessment and the education or treatment required by G.S. 20-17.6 for the restoration of a 28 driver's license and as a condition of probation. The judge may impose any other lawful condition 29 of probation.

(h) Level Two Punishment. - A defendant subject to Level Two punishment may be fined
up to two thousand dollars (\$2,000) and shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment that
includes a minimum term of not less than seven days and a maximum term of not more than 12
months. The term of imprisonment may be suspended only if a condition of special probation is
imposed to require the defendant to serve a term of imprisonment of at least seven <u>14</u> days or to



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abstain from consuming alcohol for at least 90 consecutive days, as verified by a continuous 1 2 alcohol monitoring system, of a type approved by the Division of Adult Correction of the 3 Department of Public Safety. If a judge orders the term of imprisonment ordered as a condition 4 of special probation to be served as an inpatient pursuant to subsection (k1) of this section, the judge shall impose an additional condition of special probation to require that the defendant 5 6 abstain from alcohol consumption and be monitored by a continuous alcohol monitoring system, of a type approved by the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety, for a 7 8 period of not less than 30 days. If the defendant is subject to Level Two punishment based on a 9 finding that the grossly aggravating factor in subdivision (1) or (2) of subsection (c) of this section applies, the conviction for a prior offense involving impaired driving occurred within five years 10 11 before the date of the offense for which the defendant is being sentenced and the judge suspends all active terms of imprisonment and imposes abstention from alcohol as verified by a continuous 12 13 alcohol monitory monitoring system, then the judge must also impose as an additional condition 14 of special probation that the defendant must complete 240 hours of community service. If the defendant is monitored on an approved continuous alcohol monitoring system during the pretrial 15 period, up to 60-90 days of pretrial monitoring may be credited against the 90-dayany monitoring 16 17 requirement for probation. If the defendant is placed on probation, the judge shall impose a 18 requirement that the defendant obtain a substance abuse assessment and the education or 19 treatment required by G.S. 20-17.6 for the restoration of a driver's license and as a condition of 20 probation. The judge may impose any other lawful condition of probation.

(h1) The judge may impose, as a condition of probation for defendants subject to Level One or Level Two punishments, that the defendant abstain from alcohol consumption for <del>a</del> minimum of 30 days, to a maximum of the term of probation, as verified by a continuous alcohol monitoring system. The defendant's abstinence from alcohol shall be verified by a continuous alcohol monitoring system of a type approved by the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety.

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(k4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (g), (h), (k2), and (k3) of this section,
 if the court finds, upon good cause shown, that the defendant should not be required to pay the
 costs of the continuous alcohol monitoring system, the court shall not impose the use of a
 continuous alcohol monitoring system unless the one of the following conditions is met:

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- (1) <u>The local governmental entity responsible for the incarceration of the defendant in the local confinement facility agrees to pay the costs of the system.</u>
- (2) The court orders the Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety pay the costs of the system pursuant to G.S. 20-179.5.
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38 Supervised Probation Terminated. – Unless a judge in his or her discretion determines (r) 39 that supervised probation is necessary, and includes in the record that he or she has received 40 evidence and finds as a fact that supervised probation is necessary, and states in his or her judgment that supervised probation is necessary, a defendant convicted of an offense of impaired 41 42 driving shall be placed on unsupervised probation if he or she meets three conditions. These 43 conditions are that he or she has not been convicted of an offense of impaired driving within the 44 seven years preceding the date of this offense for which he or she is sentenced, that the defendant 45 is sentenced under subsections (i), (j), and (k) of this section, and has obtained any necessary 46 substance abuse assessment and completed any recommended treatment or training 47 program.program, including any recommendation that the defendant abstain from alcohol 48 consumption and be monitored by a continuous alcohol monitoring system approved by the 49 Division of Adult Correction of the Department of Public Safety.

50 When a judge determines in accordance with the above procedures that a defendant should 51 be placed on supervised probation, the judge shall authorize the probation officer to modify the

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1	defendant's probation by placing the defendant on unsupervised probation upon the completion		
2	by the defendant of any of the following conditions of his or her suspended sentence:		
3	(1)	Community service; orservice.	
4			
5	(3)	Payment of any fines, court costs, and fees; orfees.	
6	(4)	Any combination of these conditions.	
7	"		
8	<b>SECTION 3.</b> This act becomes effective December 1, 2018, and applies to offenses		
9	committed on or after that date.		